

9

OWNER'S MANUAL

Use 9-volt **ALKALINE** batteries.

Do not use "Heavy Duty" batteries.

Do not use ordinary "Zinc Carbon" batteries.

Congratulations!

Congratulations on the purchase of your new Bounty Hunter[®] *Quick Draw[®] Pro* Metal Detector. The *Quick Draw Pro* is the result of nine years of software engineering and features the latest advancements in lightweight design, target accuracy and deep-penetrating detection technology.

The *Quick Draw Pro* can be used with its default turn-on-and-go settings, or it can be programmed to your specific treasure hunting goals and objectives or desired settings. Treasure hunting enthusiasts from around the world were involved in the development of this revolutionary new detector. This manual has been written to help you get optimal use of your detector so we hope you will read it thoroughly before your first outing.

Happy Hunting from First Texas Products!

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Terminology
Contents
Assembly
Batteries (use alkaline batteries)
Quick-Start Demonstration
The Basics of Metal Detecting
How to Work the Controls
The Display
Menu
Sensitivity
Volume
Discrimination
Notch
Pinpoint
Target Identification
Depth and Target Display15
Using the detector
Characteristics & Limitations
Troubleshooting
Treasure Hunter's Code of Ethics
Warranty
Accessories

TERMINOLOGY

The following terms are used throughout the manual, and are standard terminology among detectorists.

RELIC

A relic is an object of interest by reason of its age or its association with the past. Many relics are made of iron, but can also be made of bronze or precious metals.

IRON

Iron is a common, low-grade metal that is an undesirable target in certain metal detecting applications. Examples of undesirable iron objects are old cans, pipes, bolts and nails.

Sometimes, the desired target is made of iron. Property markers, for instance, contain iron. Valuable relics can also be composed of iron; cannon balls, old armaments and parts of old structures and vehicles can also be composed of iron.

FERROUS

Metals which are made of, or contain, iron.

ELIMINATION

Reference to a metal being "eliminated" means that the detector will not emit a tone, nor display a Target-ID, when a metal object passes through the searchcoil's detection field.

DISCRIMINATION

When the detector emits different tones for different types of metals, and when the detector "eliminates" certain metals, we refer to this as the detector "discriminating" among different types of metals. Discrimination is an important feature of professional metal detectors. Discrimination allows the user to ignore trash and otherwise undesirable objects.

PINPOINTING

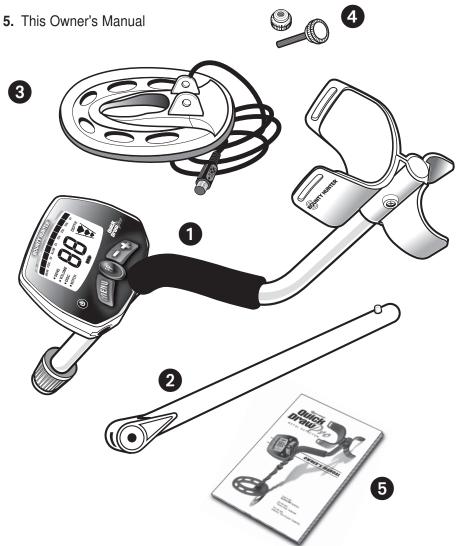
Pinpointing is the process of finding the exact location of a buried object. Long-buried metals can appear exactly like the surrounding soil, and can therefore be very hard to isolate from the soil.

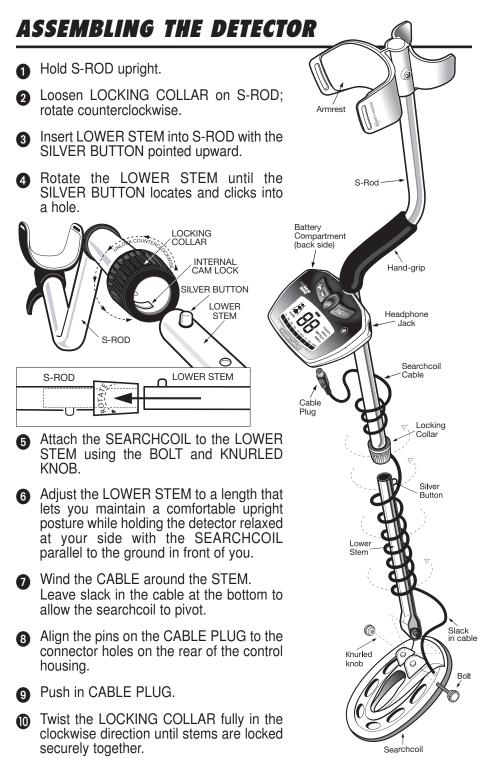
GROUND CANCELATION

Ground Cancelation is the ability of the detector to ignore, or "see through," the earth's naturally occurring minerals, and only sound a tone when a metal object is detected. This detector incorporates proprietary circuitry to eliminate false signals from many mineralized soils.

The following detector components are in the box:

- 1. S-ROD with Control Housing, Arm Rest and Locking Collar
- 2. Lower Stem
- 3. Searchcoil
- 4. Bolt & Knurled Knob





The detector requires a single 9-volt **ALKALINE** battery (battery not included). **Do not use ordinary "Zinc Carbon" batteries**

Do not use "Heavy Duty" batteries.

Rechargeable batteries can also be used. If you use rechargeables, we recommend using a "Nickel Metal Hydride" rechargeable battery.

The battery compartment is located on the back side of the Control Housing. Slide the battery door to the side to remove. Insert battery. Close battery door. When it's time to replace the battery simply push down firmly on the bottom of the battery *(see illustration)*.

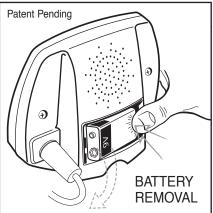
BATTERY LIFE

Expect 20 to 25 hours of life from a 9-volt alkaline battery. Rechargeable batteries provide about 8 hours of usage per charge.

BATTERY INDICATOR

The battery icon has three segments plus an outline segment.

The amount of battery voltage for an ALKALINE battery is indicated as follows:



3	
2	
1	

- 3 segments illuminated: 8.1 volts or more
- 2 segments illuminated: 7.1 to 8.0 volts
- 1segment illuminated:6.5 to 7.0 voltsNo segments illuminated:6.2 to 6.4 voltsOutline Flashing:6.1 or less

SPEAKER VOLUME AND BATTERY CHARGE

You may notice the speaker volume drop while one battery segment is illuminated.

With the outline flashing, low speaker volume will be very apparent.

BATTERY DISPOSAL & RECYCLING

Alkaline batteries may be disposed of in a normal waste receptacle or recycled. Non-Alkaline batteries should be recycled. In the state of California all battery types must be recycled. Please refer to local municipalities for detailed disposal and recycling requirements.

QUICK-START DEMONSTRATION

I. Supplies Needed:

- a Nail (made of iron) a U.S. Nickel
- a U.S. Dime

a U.S. Quarter (or silver coin) a Gold Ring a U.S. Penny, dated after 1982 (post-1982 pennies are made of Zinc) (Most newer non-U.S. coinage also contains mostly Zinc)

II. Position the Detector:

- a. Place the detector on a table with the searchcoil hanging over the edge. Or better, have a friend hold the detector with the searchcoil off the ground.
- b. Keep the searchcoil away from walls, floors and metal objects.
- c. Remove watches, rings and jewelry.
- d. Turn off lights or appliances whose electromagnetic emissions may cause interference.
- e. Pivot the searchcoil back.
- f. Press 🕑 to power on.



III. Demonstrate DISCRIMINATION Feature:

- a. Pass all objects over the searchcoil and notice the different tones.
 - Nail: low tone Nickel: medium tone Zinc Penny: medium tone Gold Ring: most gold rings will register with a medium tone Dime: high tone Quarter: high tone
- b. Press mu until DISC is highlighted on the display.
- c. Press no once. The iron indicator on the display will disappear.
- d. Wave the nail. It will not be detected because it has been "discriminated out."

IV. Demonstrate NOTCH Feature:

- a. Press *mu* until NOTCH is highlighted.
- b. Press no four times. The "Zn" icon will flash and then disappear.
- c. Wave a Zinc Penny over the searchcoil. It will not be detected because it has been "notched out." Notice on the display the target categories not illuminated are not detected.

V. Demonstrate PINPOINT Feature:

- a. Press and hold (). "PP" momentarily appears on the screen.
- b. Hold a coin motionless over the searchcoil.
- c. Lower coin toward searchcoil and then raise coin away from searchcoil.
- d. Notice that the sound changes as the coin moves closer and farther.
- e. Notice that the depth indicator changes as the coin moves up and down.

THE BASICS OF METAL DETECTING

This metal detector is intended for locating buried metal objects. When searching for metals, underground or on the surface, you have the following challenges and objectives:

- 1. Ignoring signals caused by ground minerals.
- 2. Ignoring signals caused by metal objects that you do not want to find, like nails.
- 3. Identifying a buried metal object before you dig it up.
- 4. Estimating the size and depth of objects, to facilitate digging them up.
- 5. Eliminating the effects of electromagnetic interference from other electronic devices.

Your metal detector is designed with these things in mind.

1. Ground Minerals

All soils contain minerals. Signals from ground minerals can interfere with the signals from metal objects you want to find. All soils differ, and can differ greatly, in the type and amount of ground minerals present. This detector has proprietary circuitry to automatically eliminate interfering signals from minerals that occur naturally in the ground.

NOTE: This detector will not completely eliminate interference from all types of minerals. For example, the detector <u>IS NOT designed for use on wet</u> <u>sand saltwater beaches.</u> Another example of soil this detector will not eliminate is any soil containing large concentrations of iron oxides, which are usually red in color.

2. Trash

If searching for coins, you want to ignore items like aluminum foil and nails. You can see the Target-ID value of the buried objects, listen to the sounds and then decide what you want to dig up. Or you can eliminate unwanted metals from detection by using the DISCRIMINATION feature.

3. Identifying Buried Objects

Metal objects are identified along the 9-segment Conductivity Arc. This scale is an indicator of the relative electrical conductivity of different objects. Segments to the right indicate more conductive targets. Iron objects, which are usually of lesser value, illuminate on the left-most segments. Silver objects illuminate on the right-most segments.

4. Size and Depth of Buried Objects

The 3-segment graphic indicates the relative depth of a buried metal object. This graphic can indicate the relative size of different objects or their distance from the searchcoil. For a given object, the more distance between it and the searchcoil, the more arrows illuminated.

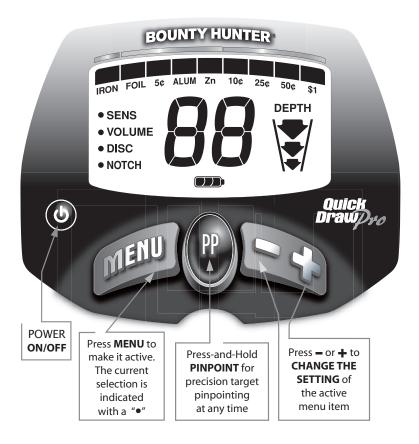
THE BASICS OF METAL DETECTING

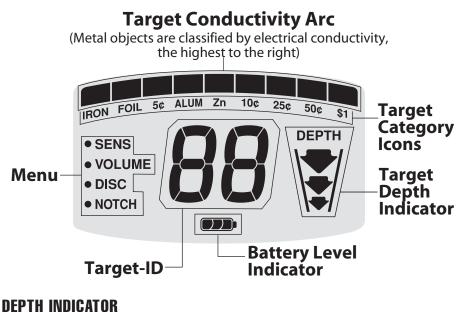
5. EMI (Electromagnetic Interference)

The searchcoil produces a magnetic field and then detects changes in that magnetic field caused by the presence of metal objects. This magnetic field that the detector creates is also susceptible to the electromagnetic energy produced by other electronic devices. Cell phones, cell phone towers, power lines, microwave ovens, lighting fixtures, TVs, computers, motors, etc... all produce EMI which can interfere with the detector and cause it to beep when no metal is present, and sometimes to beep erratically.

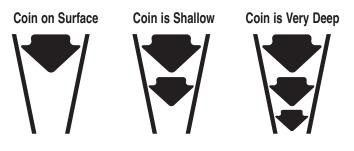
The SENSITIVITY control lets you reduce the strength of this magnetic field, and therefore lessen its susceptibility to EMI. You may want to operate at maximum strength, but the presence of EMI may make this impossible, so if you experience erratic behavior or "false" signals, **reduce the sensitivity.**

HOW TO WORK THE CONTROLS





Coin-sized objects will be detected up to 9" deep. The 3-segment graphic indicator is calibrated to coin-sized objects.



Objects other than coins will still register on the 3-segment depth scale, but the depth indication will be relative. For example, all 3 segments illuminated could indicate a coin buried 9" deep, but could also be a very large object several feet deep. Use the Depth Indicator in conjunction with the Conductivity Arc to gain more information.

OVERLOAD WARNING

If a metal object or highly magnetic soil are too close to the searchcoil, the detector will overload and "- " " will appear on the screen. The detector will make a rapid, repeating mid-tone warning sound. Overload will not harm the detector, but the detector will not function under these conditions. If overload occurs, raise the searchcoil to detect the target from a greater distance, or move to a different location.



The Menu is located on the left side of the screen. During normal operation the Menu is inactive and faded. Press the MENU button to cycle through the Menu. Each press of the Menu button moves to the next Menu item.

Use a and a to select a Menu option. The option selected is marked by "•". Once a menu option is selected, the setting can be changed using and a . Here is a description of the Menu options:

SENS

Adjust the sensitivity from 1 to 10. The higher the number, the more sensitive the detector. This sensitivity control does not affect Pinpoint sensitivity.

If the detector beeps erratically or beeps when there are no metal objects being detected, **reduce the sensitivity**.

The searchcoil produces a magnetic field and then detects changes in that magnetic field caused by the presence of metal objects. This magnetic field that the detector creates is also susceptible to electromagnetic energy (EMI) produced by other electronic devices. Cell phones, cell phone towers, etc... all produce EMI which can interfere with the detector and cause it to beep when no metal is present, and sometimes to beep erratically.

VOLUME

Adjust speaker volume from 0 to 10. The Volume control changes the loudness of the audio when targets are detected, and also the loudness of the keypad presses and warning sounds.

DISC

DISCRIMINATION

When the detector emits different tones for different types of metals, and when the detector "eliminates" certain metals, we refer to this as the detector "discriminating" among different types of metals.

Discrimination is an important feature of professional metal detectors. Discrimination allows the user to ignore trash and otherwise undesirable objects.

The **DISC** controls the detector's Discrimination function. In its default setting all metals are detected. Use this **DISC** control in order to eliminate unwanted types of metals from detection. Targets are eliminated from detection from left to right across the Target Category Arc.

Each time you press the **C** key a target category icon will disappear. When an icon disappears that category is eliminated from detection. Notice that the 4 right-most categories cannot be eliminated. These 4 right-most categories represent silver or other high-value targets, which are generally desirable; therefore the detector does not allow them to be discriminated out.

To return categories to detection, press the **here** key and categories will be accepted back for detection from right to left.



NOTCH

The **NOTCH** control is similar to Discrimination in that it allows you to accept or reject different types of metals. While DISC works left to right, the NOTCH control allows you to accept or reject individual categories.

Categories eligible for NOTCH are **FOIL**, **5¢**, **ALUM**, **Zn**.

Press or to program the NOTCH feature. Each press of or cycles to a new category and that category icon will flash for 3 seconds. Then the category will reverse status. Alternatively, press while the icon is flashing to accept the Notch. If the icon had previously been illuminated it will now disappear indicating that the category has been eliminated from detection. Likewise, an icon that is not visible on the display will re-illuminate, indicating that that category is now notched in (i.e. detected).

Use or to select **NOTCH**. Each time you press or the category to be notched flashes on the screen. Any of the 4 eligible categories can be "Notched" in or out. After the category icon flashes and times out, the Notch status will change.

Press-and-hold Press-

Searchcoil motion is not required; a motionless searchcoil over a metal target will induce sound.

Audio is V.C.O. The 2-digit number displayed indicates target depth, in inches. The scale in calibrated to coin-sized objects.

How to Pinpoint

After you have identified a target, press-and-hold p to identify the target's exact location. This technique can yield more information about the target's shape and size and also find its exact location to facilitate extraction.

Pinpoint as follows:

- 1. Press and hold PP
- 2. Position the searchcoil just barely off the ground, and to the side of the target.
- 3. Now move the searchcoil slowly across the target, and you can locate it by the sound.

The target is located directly under where the sound is loudest.

Narrow It Down:

- 1. To narrow the response further, position the center of the searchcoil near the center of the response pattern, but not directly over the center.
- 2. Release P.
- 3. Immediately press-and-hold P again.
- 4. Repeat this narrowing procedure to narrow the field of detection further. **Note:** Depth indication is less accurate after narrowing.

COIL DRIFT

If you plan to use PINPOINT for continuous searching, realize that drift will occur over time, causing the detector to gain or lose sensitivity. Periodic retuning of the detector is required to minimize drift; release and press periodically to retune.

Pinpointing using motion modes (without @):

- 1. Sweep over target in narrowing side-to-side patterns.
- 2. Take note of the spot on the ground where "beep" occurs.
- 3. Step 90° to the side of the target.
- 4. Sweep searchcoil over.
- 5. This pinpoints the target location with an "X".

TARGET IDENTIFICATION

Target-ID

When objects are detected, the detector will emit a sound and a 2-digit Target-ID will appear on the screen. Possible Target-IDs range from 1 to 99. This number represents the electrical conductivity of the target; higher numbers indicate more highly conductive targets.

The 2-digit number indicates the Target-ID of the last object detected. This detector has fast target response and is able to detect different objects in very close proximity. Therefore, the Target-ID displayed may change rapidly as you sweep the searchcoil.

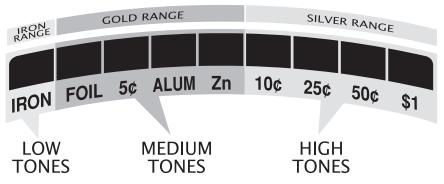
Three seconds after the last Target-ID is displayed, the Target-ID will time-out and the number will disappear.

At the same time the 2-digit Target-ID appears an indicator will illuminate along the Target Category Arc indicating which target category the detected metal object falls into. The segment at the top will time out in 3 seconds along with the Target-ID.

3-Tone Target Identification

The detector will provide 1 of 3 sounds for any metal object detected: a low, medium or high tone. This audio feedback system is useful in conjunction with the visual Target-ID system described above.

Target Conductivity Arc



The faceplate label is color-coded above the Conductivity Arc. Ferrous, gold and silver targets will generally register within their corresponding color-coded ranges. Targets that are not gold or silver register within the same range according to their electrical conductivity.

Note that the electrical conductivity of a target depends on both its composition and size. Silver is more conductive than gold so it registers farther to the right; the larger the silver object, the farther it registers to the right.

DEPTH AND TARGET DISPLAY

Please refer to the display on your detector and reference the TARGET-ID categories below applicable to your model (not all detectors include all of these categories).

READING THE DISPLAY

The display shows the PROBABLE identification of the metal detected, as well its PROBABLE depth.

The detector will register a target identification, upon each sweep of the searchcoil, when a buried target has been located and identified. If, upon repeated passes over the same spot, the target identification reads inconsistently, the target is probably a trash item. With practice, you will learn to unearth only the repeatable signals.

The segment identifications are highly accurate, when detecting the objects described on the faceplate. However, if an object registers in a given category for an unknown buried object, you could be detecting a metallic object other than the object described on the faceplate, but with the same metallic signature. Also, the greater the distance between the target and the searchcoil, the less accurate the target identification.

GOLD TARGETS Gold objects will generally register toward the middle or left-of-center on the scale.

Gold flakes will register under iron.

Small gold items will register under foil or 5¢.

Large gold items will register toward the center of the scale.

SILVER TARGETS: Silver objects will register to the right of the scale, under dime or higher.

IRON: All sizes of iron objects will register on the far-left side of the scale. This could indicate a worthless item such

as a nail, or a more valuable historic iron relic.

FOIL: Aluminum foil, such as a gum wrapper, will register as foil. A small broken piece of pull tab may also register here.

5¢: Most newer pull-tabs from beverage cans, the type intended to stay attached to the can, will register here. Many gold rings will also register here.

ALUM: Older pull-tabs, which always detached completely from the can, register here. Many medium-sized gold rings also register here.

PT (pull-tabs): Pull-tabs from older beverage cans will register here. Few newer pull-tabs will also register here. Many gold rings will also register here.

S-CAP: Older screw caps from glass bottles will register here. Large gold rings, like a class ring, could also register here. Some non-U.S. coins of recent vintage will also register here.

Zinc: Medium conductivity objects and many non-U.S. coins of recent vintage are classified here.

The Target Identification Categories to the right of the display, such as 10¢, DIME, 25¢, Quarter, 50¢ and \$1 accurately identify these U.S. coins. When used in areas outside the U.S., these categories identify coins or metal objects of high relative conductivity (such as silver coins or relics), or large objects made of any type of metal.

Caution: The target indications are visual references. Many other types of metal can fall under any one of these categories. While the detector will eliminate or indicate the presence of most common trash items, it is impossible to accurately classify ALL buried objects.

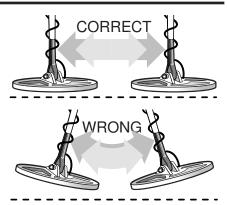
USING THE DETECTOR

Sweep Method

Sweep the detector side-to-side over the ground.

Keep the searchcoil parallel to the ground as you sweep; do not lift the searchcoil at the ends of your sweeps.

Searchcoil motion is required for target detection (except when using Pinpoint).



HEADPHONE JACK

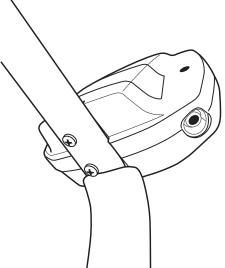
This detector has a 1/4" headphone jack. It works with any stereo headphone that has a 1/4" plug. When the headphone jack is connected, speaker volume is disabled.

USING HEADPHONES

Using a detector with headphones facilitates detection of the weakest signals and also extends battery life.

It also allows you to hear subtle changes in the sound more clearly, particularly if searching in a noisy location. For safety reasons, do not

use headphones near traffic or where other dangers are present. This device is to be used with interconnecting cables/headphone cables shorter than three meters.



CHARACTERISTICS & LIMITATIONS

- This detector comes with a waterproof searchcoil. The searchcoil can be completely submerged into water. The <u>control housing is not waterproof</u> and <u>cannot be submerged in water</u>. To use the detector in inclement weather, consider purchasing the optional detector cover.
- BURIED UTILITY LINES. This hobby metal detector is not designed to locate <u>buried pipes or cables</u>. First Texas Products manufactures a complete line of pipe and cable locators for this application. These are sophisticated instruments with functionality different from your hobby metal detector.
- 3. SEVERE SOIL CONDITIONS. While this detector has proprietary circuitry to cancel out minerals naturally occurring in most soil types, <u>it cannot penetrate the most severe soils and it is not intended for use on wet sand saltwater beaches</u>. However, it is well-suited for detecting on <u>dry sand</u>. Saltwater is highly conductive and requires a more sophisticated type of detector. First Texas Products offers such types of detectors. Other highly mineralized soils, such as those found in some gold prospecting sites, may also limit this detector's capability. If the detector tends to overload it could indicate you are in an area containing such severe soils.
- 4. TARGET-ID. The detector's Target-ID system calculates and displays the most probably identification. Target-ID is affected by soil conditions, the searchcoil's distance from the target, the length of time the target has been buried and the target's proximity to other dissimilar targets. Very large metal objects can overload the detector and may be classified inaccurately.
- REDUCE SENSITIVITY. The primary purpose of the Sensitivity control is to allow the operator to <u>reduce the sensitivity</u> of the detector. All detectorists desire to find objects at maximum depth. However, in today's environment there is a never ending variety of devices emitting EMI (Electromagnetic Interference) that can interfere with this detector.

There will be environments where the detector cannot operate at maximum sensitivity. This is not a defect. If you find yourself in such an environment, reduce the sensitivity of the detector. Some environments may have so much EMI it is impossible to detect there. Both overhead power lines and buried power lines can interfere with this detector. Power line capacity may be quite different during certain times of the day. For instance, peak hours of electrical use that can occur around 6 p.m. can lead to a lot of EMI. If you experience power line interference, try returning to a given area at a different time of day.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE					
SYMPTOM	CAUSE	SOLUTION			
Detector chatters, beeps erratically or has low sensitivity	 Using detector indoors Using detector near power lines Using 2 detectors in close proximity Environmental electromagnetic interference 	 Use detector outdoors only Move away from power lines Keep 2 detectors at least 6 meters (20') apart Reduce sensitivity until erratic signals cease 			
Do not mix old and new batteries. Use alkaline batteries. Do not mix alkaline, standard (zinc-carbon), or rechargeable (NiCad, NiMH, etc.) batteries.					
Low speaker volume	 Discharged battery Wrong type of battery 	 Replace battery Use alkaline batteries 			
Display does not lock on to one Target-ID or detector emits multiple tones	 Multiple targets present Highly mineralized soil Sensitivity set too high 	 Sweep coil at different angles Move to a different area Reduce sensitivity 			
No power, no sounds	 Dead battery Cable not connected securely 	 Replace batteries Check connections 			

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

CE The manufacturer declares that the minimum ESD performance criteria is 1) the unit shall not be permanently damaged and 2) operator intervention is allowed.

This product is RoHS compliant.

This product meets the requirements of Industry Canada: CAN ICES-3 B/NMB-3 B.

TREASURE HUNTER'S CODE OF ETHICS:

- Always check Federal, State, County and local laws before searching.
- Respect private property and do not enter private property without the owner's permission.
- Take care to refill all holes and leave no damage.
- Remove and dispose of any and all trash and litter found.
- · Appreciate and protect our inheritance of natural resources, wildlife and private property.
- Act as an ambassador for the hobby, use thoughtfulness, consideration and couresy at all times.
- Never destroy historical or archaeological treasures.
- All treasure hunters may be judged by the example you set; always conduct yourself with courtesy and consideration of others.

DISPOSAL



Dispose of the packaging materials properly, according to their type, such as paper or cardboard.Contact your local waste-disposal service or environmental authority for information on the proper disposal.

Do not dispose of electronic devices in the household garbage! As per Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament on waste electrical and electronic equipment and its adaptation into German law, used electronic devices must be collected separately and recycled in an environmentally friendly manner.

In accordance with the regulations concerning batteries and rechargeable batteries, disposing of them in the normal household waste is explicitly forbidden. Please make sure to dispose of your used batteries as required by law – at a local collection point or in the retail market. Disposal in domestic waste violates the Battery Directive.

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Bresser GmbH has issued a "Declaration of Conformity" in accordance with applicable guidelines and corresponding standards. This can be viewed any time upon request.

WARRANTY & SERVICE

The regular guarantee period is 2 years and begins on the day of purchase. To benefit from an extended voluntary guarantee period as stated on the gift box, registration on our website is required. You can consult the full guarantee terms as well as information on extending the guarantee period and details of our services at www.bresser.de/warranty_terms

These operating instructions are to be considered a component of the device. Please read the safety instructions and the operating instructions carefully before use. Keep these instructions for renewed use at a later date. When the device is sold or given to someone else, the instruction manual must be provided to the new owner/user of the product.

Bresser GmbH Gutenbergstr. 2 DE-46414 Rhede www.bresser.de • info@bresser.de

Errors reserved - technical specifications subject to change.

Copyright[®] 2010 by First Texas Products, L.L.C. All rights reserved. Bounty Hunter[®] is a registered trademark of First Texas Products, L.L.C. Made in China.

ACCESSORIES

Bounty Hunter® Carry Bag

Rugged double-stitched construction. - CBAG2

Bounty Hunter[®] Pouch & Digger Combo

Pouch with 2 large pockets & 9" heavy duty digging tool. - TP-KIT-W

Pinpointer

Pinpoints the exact location of buried metal objects. Audio signal indicator and vibrator. Runs on (1) 9-Volt Battery. – *PIN POINTER-W*

OUNTY

HUN

Bounty Hunter® Sand Scoop

Large scoop with filtering holes. Made of strong plastic. - SAND SCOOPBH

Replacement/Accessory Searchcoils

- 4" Concentric Round 4COILPRO
- 8" Concentric Open Face 8COIL-7B13
- 10" Concentric Replacement 10COIL-BH
- 11" Biaxial 11COIL-BH

Searchcoil Covers

Protect your searchcoil from abrasion and damage.

- 4" Concentric, Round Cover- 4COVER
- 8" Concentric Open Face Cover 8COVER-7
- 10" Concentric Cover F70COVER
- 11" Biaxial Cover COVER-11DD

9" Heavy-Duty Digging Tool

Metal blade with comfortable plastic handle and depth gauge – TROWEL-2

Digging Tool

Light and practical plastic, wide blade digging tool. - TROWEL-W

Rain Cover

Custom made to protect from weather -RAINCOV-ET

Bounty Hunter[®] Baseball Cap

One size fits all, with Bounty Hunter® logo. - BHCAP

Bounty Hunter® T-Shirt

100% cotton with Bounty Hunter[®] Logo. Sizes: S, M, LG, XL & XXL – *BHTSHIRT*

Gold Prospecting Kits	Gold Kit PART NUMBER: GOLDKIT1	Deluxe Kit PART NUMBER: GOLDKIT2	Hardrock Kit PART NUMBER: GOLDKIT3
Items Included:			
10 ½" Gold Pan	x	x	х
14" Gold Pan	x	х	х
Classifier		х	х
2 – Shatterproof Vials	x	х	х
Snuffer Bottle	x	x	х
Black Sand Magnet		x	х
Treasure Scoop		x	x
Tweezers			х
Magnifier			x
Crevice Tool			x
Rock Pick			x
Instruction Booklet	x	x	x
Backpack		x	х

FOR COMPLETE DETAILS VISIT WWW.DETECTING.COM • 1-800-413-4131